

Sample Multiple Choice Questions
M. Sc. Semester III - Branch II - Human Development (2020-21)

Subject: Developmental Science

Instructions:

1. Answer any 8 out of the 10 MCQs.
2. Each MCQ carries 1.5 marks.
3. Read each statement carefully and mark any one option out of the four options that you think is the correct answer.
4. There is no negative marking for wrong answers.

1. What is the outcome, if at a presumptive time in development, tissues from the area where the neural plate would arise are transplanted to the area where limbs would arise in an amphibian?
 - a. Malformed limbs (with properties of neural plate) grow in the area of the limbs.
 - b. Normal limbs grow in the area of the limbs and a normal neural plate forms in the area of the neural plate.
 - c. The amphibian dies.
 - d. The limbs and the neural plate are both malformed.

Correct answer: option “b”

2. In Thomas Kuhn’s view, which one of the following is true?
 - a. Science is a constellation of facts, theories, and methods.
 - b. History of science is the discipline that chronicles successive increments in human knowledge.
 - c. Scientific development is best described as an incremental process.
 - d. Scientific revolutions are key to the process of scientific development.

Correct answer: option “d”

3. The principle of acceleration is a central notion of which one of the following models?
 - a. Epigenesis.
 - b. Preformism.
 - c. Recapitulation.
 - d. Organismic.

Correct answer: option “c”

4. Which one of the following scholars asserted that responses followed by reward are stamped in, and those that are unsuccessful are stamped out?
 - a. John Watson.
 - b. Arnold Gesell
 - c. B. F. Skinner.
 - d. E. L. Thorndike.

Correct answer: option “d”

5. Which one of the following is true?
- a. The developmental process is controlled by two independent factors: genes and environment.
 - b. There is a direct relationship between expression of genes and the emission of behaviour during development.
 - c. The precise meaning of “genetically determined” is open to doubt.
 - d. Some behaviours are more prone to genetic determination, whereas other behaviours are more prone to environmental determination.

Correct answer: option “c”

6. Who is Adrian Dove?
- a. A sociologist who demonstrated the cultural bias in intelligence tests.
 - b. A sociologist who demonstrated that intelligence tests are culture-free.
 - c. A psychologist who demonstrated that personality tests are not culture-free.
 - d. A sociologist who demonstrated that personality tests are culture-dependent.

Correct answer: option “a”

7. In Richard Lerner’s view, _____ is a fundamental asset of human development.
- a. Intelligence.
 - b. Human biology.
 - c. Consensus.
 - d. Diversity.

Correct answer: option “d”

8. The developmental manifold concept can be represented by which one of the following terms?
- a. Niche picking.
 - b. General systems theory.
 - c. Ontogenetic niche.
 - d. Phylogenetic niche.

Correct answer: option “c”

9. How many levels of analysis are there in Paul Weiss’s scheme of the hierarchy of reciprocal influences?
- a. Four.
 - b. Seven.
 - c. Eight.
 - d. Six.

Correct answer: option “b”

10. In the mechanistic perspective, the epistemological position is that of _____.
- a. Naïve realism.
 - b. Constructivism.
 - c. Subjectivity.
 - d. Interaction between the subject and the object.

Correct answer: option “a”

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Subject: Advanced Study of Human Exceptionality

Instructions:

1. Attempt any 8 MCQ from the given 10.
2. Each MCQ carries 1.5 marks.
3. Read each statement carefully and mark any one option out of the options that you think is the correct answer.
4. No negative marking for wrong answers

1. In the history of special education, the early _____ is characterized by the eugenics movement supported by some intellectuals
 - a. 20th century
 - b. 19th century
 - c. 18th century
 - d. 17th century

Correct answer: option "a"

2. A high school student with a mild intellectual disability receives instruction in daily living skills. Which of the following related tasks would likely be most difficult for this student?
 - a. Recognizing everyday materials such as cups and towels
 - b. Generalizing previously learned skills to different environment
 - c. Sharing materials with other students in the class
 - d. Developing personal preferences such as types of food items.

Correct answer: option "b"

3. Children with LD
 - a. Are able to respond to the social cues
 - b. Are highly motivated
 - c. Face difficulty in making friends
 - d. They are able to interpret the feelings & emotions of others effectively.

Correct answer: option "c"

4. Any comprehensive assessment of linguistic ability of the child will require a variety of assessment measures that consider
 - a. developmental level, gender and cultural background of the child
 - b. Parent's language skills
 - c. Emotional and social abilities of the child
 - d. Cognitive, social and physical abilities of the child

Correct answer: option "a"

5. From an educational point of view, how is "deafness" best defined?
 - a. A condition present from birth
 - b. An inability to understand speech even with a hearing aid
 - c. A hearing loss of more than 90dB in at least one ear
 - d. A condition of old age

Correct answer: option "c"

6. Functional vision is:
- a. the level of vision that with standard correction hinders an individual in the visual planning and execution of tasks
 - b. the amount of usable vision that a person has with which to complete a task or interact with the environment
 - c. when visual acuity between 20/70 and 20/200
 - d. when field of vision is restricted to 20 degrees or less

Correct answer: option "b"

7. A middle school social studies teacher consults with a special educator about a new student who has cerebral palsy and an associated speech impairment. The social studies teacher wants to know the best way to include the student in class discussions. Which of the following would be the special educator's most appropriate response?
- a. "Give the student five minutes to prepare a response to a question during discussions."
 - b. "Ask the student questions at the very beginning of discussions to minimize her anxiety."
 - c. "Discuss with the student her preferred method of communication."
 - d. "Position the student in the centre of the classroom so that everyone can hear the student's contributions."

Correct answer: option "c"

8. The doctor discusses with a client a prenatal test to screen for spinal anomalies done between 16 and 20 weeks' gestation, which is called the:
- a. Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA)
 - b. VDRL
 - c. BHCG
 - d. alpha-Fetoprotein (AFP)

Correct answer: option "d"

9. Which of the following is a strategy to improve concentration and attention of individuals with TBI
- a. Divide work into smaller sections
 - b. Frequently repeat information and summarize it
 - c. Decrease assignment load
 - d. Student rests for five minutes

Correct answer: option "a"

10. The RPwD Act _____ came into force in _____.
- a. 1992; 1993
 - b. 2016; 2017
 - c. 2017; 2018
 - d. 1999; 2000

Correct answer: option "b"



Subject: Advance Family Studies

Instructions:

1. 8 out of 10 MCQ'S have to be attempted
2. Each MCQ carries 1.5 marks
3. Read each statement carefully and mark any one option out of the four options that you think is the correct answer
4. No negative marking for wrong answers

1. _____ associated with this contextual marital difficulty, of differing mate values between the partners, appears as an indicator to the higher mate value individual that he or she might seek a better-matched partner elsewhere.

- a. Higher compromise
- b. Higher social support
- c. Lower marital compromise
- d. Lower marital satisfaction

Correct answer: option "d"

2. As homosexuals, they are stigmatized for their _____, and their relationship may cause great discomfort to their parents, other family members, and friends.

- a. Social orientation
- b. Sexual orientation
- c. Linguistic orientation
- d. Emotional orientation

Correct answer: option "b"

3. _____ Symbiosis reduces competition in a family; one compromises so another can gain.

- a. Conflict resolution
- b. Intrarole conflict
- c. Nonconformity
- d. Personality role conflict

Correct answer: option "a"

4. _____ are more emotional separateness than togetherness, more independence than dependence.

- a. Enmeshment
- b. Disengagement
- c. Separate family (low to moderate closeness)
- d. Connected family (moderate to high closeness)

Correct answer: option "c"

5. _____ is networks of family, friends and community beyond the immediate family group, who provide support

- a. Self- reliance
- b. Family integration
- c. Social support
- d. Collective group support

Correct answer: option "d"

6. _____ the degree to which men recognize and respond to their child's and the mother's needs varies and can have implications for the child and family.
- a. Intimacy
 - b. Nurturance
 - c. Responsivity
 - d. Understanding

Correct answer: option "c"

7. The concept of human agency illustrates how fathers respond as nurturers to their children, but guided as well by _____ about and interpersonal processes involving mothers, children, stepfathers, biological fathers, and others.
- a. Artistic discourses
 - b. Cultural discourses
 - c. Educational discourses
 - d. Social discourses

Correct answer: option "b"

8. Fathers and children may develop closer relationships over time if they share in reciprocal communication, physical contact, and even social or _____ stimulation.
- a. Cognitive
 - b. Community
 - c. Perceptive
 - d. Reasoning

Correct answer: option "a"

9. _____ refers to the family (or subsystem, or individual family member)
- a. The exosystem
 - b. The macrosystem
 - c. The mesosystem
 - d. The microsystem

Correct answer: option "d"

10. The number, sex, and age of family members across generations,' as well as their geographic proximity.
- a. Consensus
 - b. Exchange or power
 - c. Family structure
 - d. Norms

Correct answer: option "c"

